## BILSTON CHURCH OF ENGLAND PRIMARY



## MEDIUM TERM PLANNING

Subject	Topic/Key Question	Year Group	Term	Time Allocation	
Spanish	Clothes	5	Summer 2	6 hours	
	La Ropa				
End of Key Stage objectives:	Pupils should be taught to:				
	<ul> <li>explore the pattern of words</li> <li>engage in conversatic clarification and hele</li> <li>speak in sentences,</li> <li>develop accurate profamiliar words and p</li> <li>present ideas and in</li> <li>read carefully and s</li> <li>appreciate stories, s</li> <li>broaden their vocab written material, ind</li> <li>write phrases from</li> <li>describe people, plate</li> <li>understand basic gromasculine and neute</li> </ul>	s and sounds of language thro ions; ask and answer questions p using familiar vocabulary, phr onunciation and intonation so ohrases formation orally to a range of how understanding of words, songs, poems and rhymes in th pulary and develop their ability cluding through using a diction memory, and adapt these to a ces, things and actions orally ammar appropriate to the lang r forms and the conjugation of	s; express opinions and respond ases and basic language struct that others understand when t audiences phrases and simple writing le language y to understand new words that	the spelling, sound and meaning I to those of others; seek ures hey are reading aloud or using t are introduced into familiar ss ideas clearly stage 2 3 where relevant): feminine, catures and patterns of the	
End of unit objectives:	<ul> <li>In this unit the children will learn how to:</li> <li>Repeat and recognise the vocabulary for a variety of clothes in Spanish.</li> <li>Use the appropriate genders and articles for these clothes.</li> <li>Use the verb 'llevar' in Spanish with increasing confidence.</li> <li>Say what they wear in different weather/situations.</li> </ul>				

	• Describe clothes in terms of their colour and apply adjectival agreement.
	Use the possessives with increased accuracy.
Key vocabulary:	unos pantalones - a pair of trousers
	un traje de baño - swimwear
	un suéter – a jumper
	una camiseta - a t-shirt
	un abrigo – a coat
	un vestido – a dress
	una blusa - a blouse
	una corbata - a tie
	una bufanda - a scarf
	una falda - a skirt
	una chaqueta - a jacket
	una camisa – a shirt
	una gorra – a cap
	unos guantes - a pair of gloves
	unas botas - boots
	unas medias - socks/tights
	unas sandalias - sandals
	unas gafas - sunglasses
	unos pantalones cortos - a pair of shorts
	unos zapatos - a pair of shoes
	unos calcetines - a pair of socks
	llevo - I wear
	llevas - you wear (singular)
	lleva - he/she wears
	llevamos - we wear
	lleváis – you all wear (plural)
	llevan – they all wear
	el lunes - On Monday
	el martes - on Tuesday
	el miércoles – on Wednesday
	el jueves - on Thursday
	el viernes – on Friday
	el sábado - on Saturday
	el domingo – on Sunday
	para la escuela llevo – for school I wear
	para la escuera nevo - tor school I wear

Cuando hace buen tiempo llevo When it is nice weather I wear
Cuando nieva llevo - When it snows I wear
Cuando estoy de vacaciones llevo When I am on holiday I wear

Lesson Sequenc e	Time Allocation	Key Question	Teaching Activities (Possible cross curricular opportunities)	Resources
Lesson 1	1 hour	¿Cómo se dice? How do you say?	Provide children with vocabulary list for the unit to stick in their books. Introduce the unit La Ropa (Clothes). Explain the aim of the lesson: to learn how to say what they wear in Spanish. Today they will learn the first eleven words for items of clothes. Use 'La ropa (1)' PowerPoint to introduce the first set of vocabulary for clothes. Activity: Clothes bingo La ropa song Plenary: Can children remember how many words were masculine (un) and how many were feminine (una)? <u>Vocabulary</u> un traje de baño - swim wear un suéter - a jumper un vestido - a dress un abrigo - a coat una camiseta - a t-shirt una blusa - a blouse una corbata - a tie una bufanda - a scarf una falda - a skirt una chqueta - a jacket una camisa - a shirt	La ropa (1) PowerPoint La ropa song - Language Angels Clothes bingo - Language Angels

Lesson 2	1 hour	¿Cómo se dice? (2) How do you say?	Explain the aim of the lesson: to expand their range of vocabulary for clothes by introducing another ten words. How many can they remember from last week? Use 'La ropa (2)' PowerPoint to introduce the second set of vocabulary for clothes. Activity: La Ropa labelling Plenary: Can the children explain why some items of clothing use 'unos' and 'unas' instead of 'un' or 'una'?	La ropa (2) PowerPoint La ropa labelling (Teams> Curriculum> MFL> MTP> Year 5> 5. La ropa > 2. La ropa writing
			<u>Vocabulary</u> una gorra – a cap unos pantalones – a pair of trousers unos pnatalones cortos – a pair of shorts unos guantes – a pair of gloves unos zapatos – a pair of shoes unos calcetines – a pair of socks una medias – a pair of tights unas botas – a pair of boots unas sandalias – a pair of sandals unas gafas – a pair of glasses/sunglasses	
			TEACHING GRAMMAR NOTE & EXPLANATION the articles 'unos' and 'unas' actually translates to 'some' but that would be poor English, hence the use of 'a pair of' instead.	
Lesson 3	1 hour	¿Qué llevas? What are you wearing?	Explain the aim of the lesson: to consolidate all their previous knowledge for regular AR verbs and add to it by learning how to say 'I wear, you wear, he wears, she wears, we wear, you (plural) wear, they (masculine or mixed group) wear, they (feminine) wear' in Spanish.	La ropa (3b) PowerPoint Llevar conjugation (Teams> Curriculum> MFL> MTP> Year 5> 5. La ropa > 3. La ropa conjugation
			Use 'Llevar (3b)' PowerPoint to revise all the verb endings for 'to wear' - llevar. Activity: conjugate 'llevar' ('to wear')	

	1 haun	čCómo es tu	Vocabulary Ilevar - to wear yo - I tú - you él - he ella - she nosotros - we (masculine or mixed group) nosotras - we (feminine) vosotros - you all (masculine or mixed group) vosotras - you all (feminine) ellos - they (masculine or mixed) ellas - they (feminine) (yo) Ilevo - I wear (tú) Ilevas - you wear (él/ella) Ileva - he/she wears (nosotros/as) Ilevamos - we wear (vosotros/as) Ilevamos - we wear (ellos/ellas) Ilevan - they wear TEACHING GRAMMAR NOTE & EXPLANATION In everyday Spanish, the personal pronoun is usually dropped. Therefore, 'I wear' would be 'Ilevo', instead of 'yo Ilevo'. However, for teaching purposes the personal pronouns have been included to teach the verb conjugation patterns. The children need to be taught that these are often omitted. It is very rare to see or hear them before a conjugated verb.	
Lesson 4	1 hour	ecomo es tu ropa? What are your clothes like?	Explain the aim of the lesson: to learn how to describe clothes in terms of colour and how colours may change spelling depending on gender and plurality (adjectival agreement). This is a tricky concept and the children will see this grammatical concept revisited several times in different topics. Word order in the sentence will also change when compared to the same sentence in English.	La ropa (4) PowerPoint La Ropa writing (Teams> Curriculum> MFL> MTP> Year 5> 5. La ropa > 4. La ropa writing

Lesson 5	1 hour	¿Cómo es tu ropa? (2) What are your clothes like?	Use 'La ropa (4)' PowerPoint to show children what happens when you describe clothes in terms of their colour. Activity: Read the English passage and translate into Spanish. Plenary: Can the pupils describe what they are wearing or their school uniform using 'llevo' plus the item of clothing (with the correct gender) and the colour, spelt correctly? Explain aim of the lesson: to further improve their grammatical knowledge as they are going to learn all about the word for 'my' in Spanish and use this with the items of clothing previously learnt. Use 'La Ropa (5)' PowerPoint to show how to use the word 'my' in Spanish and how there are 2 versions. Activity: Use the oral scaffold to construct oral sentences to explain which items of clothing they would wear in different scenarios. Plenary: Who can tell the class what they will pack in their suitcase with no vocabulary sheet in front of them?	La ropa (5) PowerPoint La Ropa oral scaffold (Teams> Curriculum> MFL> MTP> Year 5> 5. La ropa > 5. La ropa oral scaffold
			them? <u>Vocabulary</u> mi – my (singular) mis – my (plural)	
			TEACHING GRAMMAR NOTE & EXPLANATION mi = to be used with all singular nouns. mis = to be used with all plural nouns.	
Lesson 6	1 hour	¿Qué recordáis? What do you remember?	Explain the aim of the lesson: Revise all language from the unit before completing an end of unit task. Use 'La ropa (6)' PowerPoint to revise all language used this unit.	La ropa (6) PowerPoint La Ropa end of unit task(Teams> Curriculum> MFL> MTP> Year 5> 5. La ropa > 6. La ropa end of unit task

	Activity: End of unit task	
	Plenary: How many different things have we learnt in the	
	unit? In which situations would we use this language?	
	(general class discussion)	