BILSTON CHURCH OF ENGLAND PRIMARY



MEDIUM TERM PLANNING

Subject	Topic/Key Question	Year Group	Term	Time Allocation
Spanish	Habitats	4	Spring 2	4.5 hours
	Los hábitats			
End of Key Stage objectives:	Pupils should be taught to:			
	 explore the patterns of words engage in conversation clarification and help speak in sentences, us develop accurate pronfamiliar words and phile present ideas and info read carefully and sho appreciate stories, so broaden their vocabul written material, inclu write phrases from material describe people, place understand basic granmasculine and neuter 	spoken language and show under and sounds of language through hs; ask and answer questions; ex sing familiar vocabulary, phrases bunciation and intonation so that rases formation orally to a range of au- ow understanding of words, phra- ngs, poems and rhymes in the lo ary and develop their ability to uding through using a dictionary emory, and adapt these to creates, things and actions orally and nmar appropriate to the language forms and the conjugation of his of these, for instance, to build se	songs and rhymes and link to express opinions and respond s and basic language structu t others understand when the diences ases and simple writing anguage understand new words that te new sentences, to express in writing Languages - key so ge being studied, including (fi igh-frequency verbs; key fe	the spelling, sound and meaning to those of others; seek ares hey are reading aloud or using are introduced into familiar as ideas clearly stage 2 3 where relevant): feminine, atures and patterns of the
End of unit objectives: • Explain in Spanish the key elements animals and plants need to survive in the • Give examples in Spanish of the most common habitats for plants and animals habitats.				
		ch animals live in these differe		
		ish of which plants live in these		
Key vocabulary:	Los animales y las plantas nec	esitan - The animals and the plo	ints need	

refugio - shelter
comida - food
aire - air
sol – sun
agua - water
la selva tropical – the tropical rainforest
el campo – the meadow
el océano – the ocean
el desierto - the desert
al ártico - the artic
es un habitat enis a habitat in
El Sahara - The Sahara
El Amazonas - The Amazon
El parque national South Downs - The South Downs national Park
El Océano Pacifico - The Pacific Ocean
La Groenlandia - The Greenland
el camello - the camel
el conejo - the rabbit
el oso polar – the polar bear
El mono araña - The spider monkey
el tiburón – the shark
vive (he/she/it) lives
viven - (they) live
en - in
las algas - the seaweed
los árboles altos - the tall trees
los arbustos - the bushes
los cactus – the cactus
las plantas resistentes - the hardy plants
crece (he/she/it) grows
crecen (they) grow

Lesson	Time	Key Question	Teaching Activities	Resources
Sequenc e	Allocation		(Possible cross curricular opportunities)	

Lesson 1	45 minutes	¿Qué necesitan las plantas y los animales?	Provide children with vocabulary list for the unit to stick in their books.	Habitats (1) PowerPoint habitats song – Language Angels
		What do plants and animals need?	Start by asking the children if they know anything about the topic of habitats in English. They may already know some facts from Science. Do they know which essential elements plants and animals need to survive?	Habitats listening and reading activity (Teams> Curriculum> MFL> MTP> Year 4> 4. Los hábitats > 1. Habitats listening and reading sheet
			Use 'Habitats (1)' PowerPoint to introduce the unit to the children. Look at the key things plants and animals need to survive. Children should be encouraged to come to the whiteboard to circle words that they recognize helping them to learn how to decode new foreign language.	
			habitats song	
			Activity: Habitats listening and reading sheet.	
			Plenary: Can the children remember any facts in Spanish from the PowerPoint? Is this a new fact learnt in the Spanish lesson or did they know it from before? Which words were easy/hard to understand in Spanish? Start to draw their attention to the fact that cognates (words that are similar in both Spanish and English) are so much easier to remember. Look out for these first and see how you can remember the new language in Spanish.	
			<u>Vocabulary</u> los hábitats - the habitats los animales y las plantas necesitan the animals and the plants need reugio - shelter	
			comida – food	
			aire - air sol - sun	
			agua - water	
			la selva tropical – the tropical rainforest	
			el campo - the meadow	
			el océano - the ocean	

			el desierto - the desert el Áritco - the Arctic	
Lesson 2	45 minutes	éPuedes nombrar algunos habitats? Can you name any habitats?	Explain to the class that they may hear more language than they initially understand in this lesson but we will use the technique of listening for key words and cognates to help them decode/understand the Spanish they see. This will also help them to identify and remember some of the main habitat types. Use 'Habitats (2)' PowerPoint. Activity: Complete the listening and reading activities	Habitats (2) PowerPoint habitats song - Language Angels Habitats listening and reading sheet > Teams> Curriculum> MFL> MTP> Year 4> 4. Los hábitats > 2. Habitats listening and reading sheet
			(slide 35, 37, 39) Plenary: Can the children remember any examples of habitats in Spanish yet? Are these still cognates (the words that look the same in Spanish and English) as may have been the case last week? Are they pronounced the same?	
			<u>Vocabulary</u> es un habitat en is a habitat in el Sahara - The Sahara el Amazonas - The Amazon el parque national South Downs - The South Downs National Park el Océano Pacifico - The Pacific Ocean la Groenlandia - Greenland.	
Lesson 3	45 minutes	¿Dónde crecen estas plantas?	Explain the aim of the lesson: to learn in Spanish which plants grow in specific habitats.	Habitats (3) PowerPoint habitats song – Language Angels
		Where do these plants grow?	Start the lesson by asking the class if they can remember any words in Spanish from the last two weeks. Use 'Habitats (3)" PowerPoint to look at which plants grow in each of the habitats introduced in the last lesson. Activity: Types of plants sheet	Types of plant sheet > Teams> Curriculum> MFL> MTP> Year 4> 4. Los hábitats > 3. Types of plant sheet

			Plenary: Can the children remember which plants live in which habitats without a prompt? Can they pronounce them correctly? Can anybody spell them? What would help them remember them more?	
			<u>Vocabulary</u> las algas – seaweed los árboles altos – tall trees los arbustos – the bushes los cactus – the cacti las plantas resistentes – the hardy plants crece – (he/she/it) grows crecen – (they) grow en – in	
Lesson 4	45 minutes	¿Dónde viven estos animales? Where do these animals live?	en - in Explain the aim of the lesson: to learn which animals live in specific habitats and look at some of their adaptations. Use 'Habitats 4' PowerPoint to present the language to the children showing which animals live in which habitat and how they have adapted. Activity: Habitats writing activity - write in the correct animal or habitat that matches the description. Plenary: Can the children remember at least two animal adaptations in Spanish? <u>Vocabulary</u> el camello - the camel el conejo - the rabbit el oso polar - the polar bear el mono araña - the spider monkey el tiburón - the shark vive - (he/she/it) lives viven - (they) live en - in	Habitats (4) PowerPoint habitats song - Language Angels Habitats writing actvity > Teams> Curriculum> MFL> MTP> Year 4> 4. Los hábitats > 4. Habitats writing

Lesson 5	45 minutes	¿Qué sabes sobre los habitats diferentes?	Explain the aim of the lesson: consolidate which animal and which plant lives in a particular habitat. Present to the class.	Habitats (5) PowerPoint habitats song – Language Angels
		What do you know about the different habitats?	Use "Habitats (5)" PowerPoint to show the children all of the key facts on habitats, animals and plants now presented together. Activity: Children use the prompt sheet from the smart	
			notebook to form their own sentences in their books. Plenary: Can the children present to the class on their chosen habitat?	
Lesson 6	45 minutes	¿Qué recordáis? What do you remember?	Explain the aim of the lesson: Revise all language from the unit before completing an end of unit task. Use 'Habitats (6)' PowerPoint to revise all language used this unit. Activity: End of unit task	Habitats (6) PowerPoint habitats song – Language Angels Habitats end of unit task > Teams> Curriculum> MFL> MTP> Year 4> 4. Los hábitats > 6. Habitats end of unit task
			Plenary: How many different things have we learnt in the unit? In which situations would we use this language? (general class discussion)	