How is Maths taught in Reception?
Self registration - children add picture to tens frames. How many children are here? How many children are away?
Date - days of the week song, count up to the date number.
Daily nursery rhymes - number links
Daily Maths lesson (from week 4) - Review, Teach, Practise in groups, Apply
$3 x$ Number
$2 x$ Shape, Space, Measures
Number Sense - 5 mins daily (from week 2 )
Maths opportunities within the environment as part of continuous and enhanced provision

## Mathematics

## Number

Getting to know children and, through their play, assessing children's ability to:

Recite numbers past 5.
Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5.
Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals.
Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle').
Show 'finger numbers' up to 5 .
Identify which group has the largest/smallest amount.
Identify which group has most/more and least/less.
Put two groups of objects together and count them to find the total amount. Solve simple real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5 with apparatus and support.

Count objects, actions and sounds. 1:1 correspondence to 10

## Developing fast

 recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising').
## Numerical Patterns

## Getting to know children and, through their play, assessing children's ability

| Link numerals and <br> amounts: for example, <br> showing the right <br> number of objects to <br> match the numeral <br> (numbers to 3) | Link numerals and <br> amounts: for example, <br> showing the right <br> number of objects to <br> match the numeral, <br> (numbers to 5). | More than / less than <br> Identifying groups with <br> the same number of <br> things |
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| Developing fast <br> recognition of up to 3 <br> objects, without having <br> to count them <br> individually <br> ('subitising'). | Developing fast <br> recognition of up to 3 <br> objects, without having <br> to count them <br> individually <br> ('subitising'). | Compare quantities <br> than', 'fewer than'. |
|  | Make their own AB <br> pattern (stick, leaf, stick, <br> leaf...) |  |

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| Copy and continue an AB pattern Talk about and identify the patterns around them. For example: stripes on clothes, designs on rugs and wallpaper. Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', ‘blobs' etc. | or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then...' <br> Link to sequencing events from the story |  | Spotting an error in an AB pattern Identifying the unit of repeat <br> Link to patterns in the story |  |
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| Spatial Awareness |  |  |  |  |
| Getting to know children and, through their play, assessing children's ability to: <br> Name some familiar shapes. <br> Beginning to select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof etc. <br> Understand position through words alone - for example, "The bag is under the table," - with no pointing. |  | Talk about and explore 2D shapes (squares, circles, triangles, rectangles) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'. |  | Describe the position of something ('Where is the teddy? 'On top of the table.') |


| Wee <br> $\mathbf{k}$ | Focus Skills and <br> Knowledge | Link to End of Year <br> Objectives | Possible activities | Key vocabulary |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Getting to know children and, through their |  |  |  |
| play, assessing children's ability to: | Interactions within the environment - lots of opportunities to explore manipulatives in different ways. |  |  |  |
| 2 | Recite numbers past 5. <br> Say one number for each item in order: <br> $1,2,3,4,5$. <br> Experiment with their own symbols and <br> marks as well as numerals. <br> Know that the last number reached when <br> counting a small set of objects tells you how <br> many there are in total ('cardinal principle'). <br> Show 'finger numbers' up to 5. <br> ldentify which group has the largest/smallest <br> amount. <br> ldentify which group has most/more and <br> least/less. <br> Put two groups of objects together and <br> count them to find the total amount. | Counting songs and rhymes |  |  |



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| 6 | Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, (numbers to 5). <br> Developing fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising'). <br> Talk about and explore 2D shapes (squares, circles, triangles, rectangles) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', ‘corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'. <br> Make their own AB pattern (stick, leaf, stick, leaf...) Spotting an error in an AB pattern Identifying the unit of repeat (link to shapes) <br> Link to patterns in the story | Have a deep understanding of number to 10 , including the composition of each number Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5 | Shapes with 4 Sides <br> Guidance <br> Children learn that squares and rectangles have 4 straight sides and 4 corners. They begin to recognise these shapes on everyday items in the classroom and outside. Encourage the children to build their own squares and rectangles. It is important to show squares and rectangles in a variety of different sizes $\qquad$ <br> Other Resources <br> Square - Mac Barnett and Jon Klassen Mr Strong - Roger Hargreaves Number blocks Series 1 Episode 6 - Four <br> Power Maths Unit 3 shapes) | \| <br> Circle game. Everybody stand up. Count round the circle $1,2,3,4$ $1,2,3,41,2,3,4$, etc. The person who says 4 sits down each time. remaining. You can also count back $4,3,2,1$ and sit down on 1 . <br> Prompts for Learning Note: All the prompts for counting to three and four can be applied to counting to five, plus these extra ideas. Can we count to five on our fingers? Can we count back from 5 ? Ask the children to show numbers to 5 using their fingers. Is there more than one way? As they become more confident encourage them to do this without counting. Read Kipper's Birthday. How old is Kipper? How do we know? Let's count the candles on his cake? Stand up if you are 5 Stand up if you are 4 Do we have more 5 year olds or more 4 year olds? $\qquad$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br>  <br> Prompts for Learning Show the children a variety of squares and rectangles in Choose one of the shapes. Ask the children to tell you How many corners can they see? What if we turnit reud in Compare a square and a rectangle. What is the same? Show the What is different? What shapes can you see in the picture? Can you make your own pictures using squares and $\square$ rectangles? $\square$ Ho on rectangles on everyday objects? <br> inside and outside? <br> - Shape (2D |  | Outdoor <br> for 2 wheels, 3 wheels and 4 wheels. When children park thei bikes or toy cars, can they match the vehicle to the correct <br> 畅 <br> Outoor 123 <br> Set yp a number hunt uneral sor obects with numerals on them around the outside area. Ask sort them into $1,2,3$, and 4 . $\qquad$ <br> to match each numeral. <br> Outdoors <br> Provide children with a tray that has a range of natural items in - leaves, pebbles, conkers etc. Set out buckets that have the numbers $1-5$ on the items in each bucket? Can we take a <br>  s of learning $\square$ <br> Maths Area Set up a number rhyme table to the songs and rhymes you sing. Provide characters, numerals, books and resources to enhance the area. The rhymes can be changed regularly. <br> Loose Parts <br> Provide square and rectangular frames of Asterent sizes and a selection of loose parts. Askildren to fill each frame with different loose parts. Which frames hold the loose parts can fit inside a frame E.g. fir cones, $\square$ $\square$ <br> Art Area Provide a range of items such as wooden blocks, objects make the best square and rectangle prints? Can you make a repeating pattern? Can you make a pattern like the bricks on a wall? $\square \vee \square \vee \square$ $\qquad$ | 1,2,3,4,5, one, two, three, four, five number count - count forwards, count backwards how many? total altogether five frame cube same different arrange <br> corners <br> sides <br> square <br> rectangle big <br> little <br> flat <br> pointy <br> straight <br> curved <br> long <br> short |
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| 7 | More than / less than Identifying groups with the same number of things <br> Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'. <br> Describe the position of something ('Where is the teddy? 'On top of the table.') | Compare <br> quantities up to 10 <br> in different <br> contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. | Power Maths Unit 2 - Comparing groups within 5 | Comparing 123 <br> Provide an assortment of loose <br> parts for the children to build their <br> own one more/one less patterns. <br> The children may like to extend <br> these beyond 3 <br> bacture cards showing different <br> Provide picture cards 3 . Place the pictur <br> cards face down. Ask each player to pick a card <br> and then compare to see which card has more. <br> . <br> Comparing Numbers to 5 <br> Sand <br> Make towers of pebbles. <br> Who can make the tallest tower? <br> How many pebbles are in each tower? Does your tower have more or less <br> pebbles than your friend's tower? <br> Can you each make a tower using the <br> same number of pebbles? <br> Carpet <br> Provide a set of dot plates with differen <br> arrangements of 0-5 dots. <br> With more/fewer than 4 dots? <br> Can you put the plates in order? <br> One of the plates is missing. Can you work out which one? <br> Spatial Awareness <br> Small World <br> Modelling and encouraging positional <br> language as the children play in the small <br> 'We'll put it in the field behind the tree.' <br> 'Where is the frog?' 'The frog is on the <br> chair beside the window. <br> Outdoors <br> Set up your own bear hunt by hiding bears around the outdoor area. Ask the children <br> where each bear was found. $\square$ <br> You could extend this into everyday practice by having a bear which 'hides' in a different place in the classroom every night for the children to find. |  | 1,2,3,4,5, one, two, three, four, five, none, zero number count - count forwards, count backwards how many? five frame first then now one less one more order fewer take away add altogether number story five frame represent <br> where on top under next to underneath above at the side of |
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